

The Courier

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F. S. BRONG, Editor
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POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE

The Courier is authorized to announce
JESSE K. LEWIS
of Carter county as a candidate for Circuit Judge of the 37th Judicial District on the Democratic ticket in the August Primary.

The Courier is authorized to announce
WALTER M. GARDNER
of West Liberty as a candidate for Circuit Judge of the 37th Judicial District on the Democratic ticket in the August Primary.

The Courier is authorized to announce
R. T. KINNARD
of Olive Hill as a candidate for Circuit Judge of the 37th Judicial District on the Democratic ticket in the August Primary.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

The Courier is authorized to announce
C. C. MAY
of Woodbend as a candidate for Representative to the next General Assembly from Morgan county on the Democratic ticket in the August Primary.

The Courier is authorized to announce
D. H. PERRY
of West Liberty as a candidate for Representative to the next General Assembly from Morgan County on the Democratic ticket in the August Primary.

FARMERS' COLUMN

KENTUCKY FARM NEWS

New farmers' leaflets issued by the Kentucky College of Agriculture, Care and Management of Purebred Stallions and Jacks; Care and Management of Purebred Bulls, Boars and Rams; Cutting, Curing and Storing Hay. A new bulletin has the title of Control of Sod Webworms in Lawns.

In tests at the Kentucky Experiment Station, ewes grazed in rotation on three fields produced 6 percent more gain and lambs 4 percent more than ewes and lambs grazed continuously in one field.

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Oldham county homemakers have been giving extra attention to growing shrubbery and young trees, with special efforts in cultivating, fertilizing and wrapping. Undesirable growth was removed in the spring clean-up.

The Spencer county sheep growers' association completed its second year with a surplus of \$289, after paying all claims. The organization is trying to reduce the number of stray dogs and increase the number of licensed dogs.

Dehart 4-H Club

The Dehart 4-H Club met June 16. First we sang some songs. We planned a program for the next meeting. Mr. Weather talked on some subjects before the meeting. We had a game of softball. We all enjoyed everything.

Cattle Numbers Up

Dead cattle numbers have increased in Caldwell county, Kentucky, due to improved pastures and to good prices of stock and feed. The county agent, John H. Graham, reports that the number of cattle has increased in the county.

Clipping Controls Worms

Several years of tests at the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station show that corn-eat worms can be largely controlled by clipping off the ends of the ears after the pollen has ceased falling and the silk shows signs of browning. In trials last year clipping resulted in 85 percent of the ears being free from worms, while the unclipped corn only 24 1/2 percent of the ears had no worms. These experiments have been of special value to truck gardeners.

More, Better Sirup

In sorghum production tests at the Robinson Experiment Substation at Quicksand, Breathitt county, Kentucky, land treated with a ton of superphosphate, 50 pounds of muriate of potash and 200 pounds of nitrate of soda to the acre, grew cane that produced 2,390 pounds of sirup per acre. Land alongside, but untreated, turned off 1,260 pounds of sirup to the acre. Sirup from the treated plots was darker in color and of better flavor than that from untreated land.

CUT EGG PRODUCTION

This is the season when lice and mites reduce egg production, unless control measures are applied.

The first thing to do, says C. E. Harris of the University of Kentucky College of Agriculture, is to thoroughly clean the laying house, removing all litter from the floor and all nesting material from the nests.

The nests should be scalded and new nesting material put into them after they have dried. The dropping board or pit is then cleaned and sprayed with used crankcase oil and kerosene mixed half and half. By mixing kerosene with the oil it will go through a sprayer and the mixture penetrates cracks and crevices where mites harbor. Mites are blood-sucking insects which get on the birds at night and hide in dark cracks and crevices in the house during the day.

This makes it necessary that a complete job of cleaning and treating the house be done; otherwise the few mites that are left will soon reinfest the premises.

Lice, unlike mites, are biting insects and spend their entire time on the birds. They lay eggs or nits which hatch on the feathers. During warm weather these nits hatch in 7 to 10 days. Unless controlled at this season the lice become so numerous as to cause a lowering of egg production and a general unthrifty condition of the flock. Death often occurs as a result of heavy infestation of lice.

Several methods of control may be used, any one of which is satisfactory. The dust bath which is made of common road dust or sifted coal ashes will in most cases keep the stock free of lice. If, however, there is a heavy infestation it will be necessary to treat the flock by dusting or dipping with sodium fluoride, applying an ointment to the birds or using nicotine sulfate on the roost poles. Dusting may be done by applying as dry powder sodium fluoride, which can be secured at drug stores, to the regions at the base of the neck, under each wing, under the vent and among the fluff feathers.

Dipping should be done on a warm day early in the morning. Each bird is dipped in a tub of like-warm water to which one pound of sodium fluoride has been added to each ten gallons of water. A solution containing one pound of the powder is sufficient for treating 100 to 150 birds. If nicotine sulfate is used it should be applied to the roost poles just before roosting time. It will be necessary to repeat this treatment at 10-day intervals until it has been used three times. In order that the nits which hatch between treatments will be killed. It is necessary that all birds go on the roost poles if this treatment is to be effective.

Health

Surgeon-General Thomas Parran, recently testified before a Senate Committee that at least 500 of the 3,000 counties in the United States need new hospitals. At the same time, Arthur J. Altmeyer, chairman of the Social Security Board, said that nearly 78,000,000 members of families receiving less than \$1,300 a year could pay small regular sums for sickness insurance but were unable to cope with unpredictable illness under present conditions.

Automobiles

The Federal Trade Commission's study of the automobile industry shows that competition has given the public improved automobiles often at substantially reduced prices and that consumer benefits from competition in the auto industry has probably been more substantial than in any other large industry studied by the Commission. At the same time, the Commission found that certain manufacturers imposed inequitable trade practices upon their dealers.

FARM TOPICS

EAR-TAGS REVEAL DAIRY CRIMINALS

Is Equivalent to Finger-Printing in Humans.

Equivalent to finger-printing in humans, is the "ear-tagging" system that reveals dairy cows and families that are enemies to profitable dairy farming.

New York state is one of the states co-operating with the United States bureau of dairy industry at Washington in permanently identifying all animals in dairy herd improvement associations, according to Professor S. J. Brownell of the Cornell agricultural extension service.

The purpose of the identification and permanent records is not only to apprehend the dairy criminals, he says, but to eliminate the unfavorable influences in breeding future dairy cattle. Every cow is put on her own production record and farmers get a complete analysis of breeding efficiency which reveals the value of every bull in every dairy-herd improvement association herd.

The system locates and identifies outstanding brood cows for selection of breeding stock and provides a means of tracing family strains. The records are analyzed to identify an inheritance for high ability in producing milk and butterfat, and the influence of these superior animals may then be disseminated throughout the general dairy cow population.

The same principle applies in official testing with breed organizations which record the "finger-printed" cows and bulls. Both purebreds and grades need more of it, says Professor Brownell.

Steady Egg Production

Key to Poultry Success

"Manage the laying flock to keep production above the 50 per cent level every month of the year," That's a new year's resolution recommended to Minnesota poultrymen by Cora Cooke, extension poultry specialist, University farm, St. Paul.

The flock that was highest in the 1938 record flock project sponsored by the Minnesota agricultural extension service proved that steady production is safe from the standpoint of the hens and builds production that means profit. The top laying flock of 189 hens averaged 221 eggs per hen during the year. Most significant, however, was the fact that the flock placed among the 10 high producing flocks in 9 of the 12 months.

Tom Thumb Orchards

Tired of climbing 40 feet up to pick their choice fruit, apple growers are looking to midget trees as the remedy, declares the Country Home Magazine. By using a dwarfing rootstock, such as Jounne de Metz or Paradise, nurserymen can grow trees that mature at a height of about 10 feet. These are planted in set apart, compared with 35 feet between trees. They are a great asset to growers, spray and pick. Some 25 dwarfing apple varieties are now available for purchase in dwarf sizes, according to Dr. H. B. Hays, horticulturist for the New York experiment station at Geneva, and a leader in the field.

Sweets for Steers

On cold winter days, a corn covered with blackstrap molasses, apparently tastes as delectable to steers as buckwheat cakes and maple syrup do to men, declares the Country Home Magazine. H. J. Gramlick, formerly of the Nebraska experiment station, feeds two pounds of molasses daily to each of his steers as an appetizer. When the price of corn is high he steps the daily dose up to five pounds. His tests show that a pound of molasses is 85 per cent as effective as a pound of cracked corn in putting on weight.

Fighting Bang's Disease

Four years ago the federal government began testing for Bang's disease and slaughtering infected animals. The work was started as an emergency measure by the Agricultural Adjustment administration to reduce the cattle population of the United States. More than 1 1/2 million cattle with Bang's disease have been killed since 1933. There have been more than 25 million tests made in nearly two million herds. The infected animals came from a total of more than 11 million cattle tested.

Cod Liver Oil Important

Open the window and let the sunshine in when the weather permits and 0.4 per cent of good cod liver oil in the winter ration will be all the extra feed, says H. B. Hays, dairyman, Cornell University. These units of sunshine and cod liver oil will help the cow produce more milk and butterfat.

With KENTUCKY Editors

A wild stretch of land, about twenty miles long and two miles in width, known as "the breaks of the Big Sandy," along the Kentucky-Virginia border, lying on the northern slope of Cumberland Mountain, is to become a part of the Jefferson National Forest.

W. L. Stumbo and Arthur C. Carter, former Floyd County Judge and ex-Mayor of Prestonsburg, respectively, were placed under \$2,000 bond each this morning (Thursday) on two separate warrants issued against them by County Judge E. P. Hill, Jr., upon application of Henry Porter, Allen, and on the sworn statement of Robert H. Ison who alleged that the former officials bargained with him for the murder of Mr. Porter and H. C. Francis, Prestonsburg merchants.—Floyd County Times.

The conviction of judges of the most powerful courts in New York City has furnished a shock to the public inasmuch as every effort has been made to put these judges in positions independent of, and out of the way of temptation. But this seems to have been too much to expect, as is shown by some of the revelations. Under such circumstances, an honest conscientious judge such as has been started by the Department of Justice in Washington may produce a better condition. Surely all honest people in the United States are a unit in their feeling that crooked judges should be given the boot, right where it will hurt the most.—Big Sandy News.

There was a Man who, a long time ago, stood on a mountain side and taught a great multitude. He said that if a man asks you to go with him a mile, go with him twain, and if a man steal your coat give him your great coat also. And he said the meek shall inherit the earth. Well, the proud and haughty, the go-getters and the warriors have been doing their dangdest to prove to us their way and not the way of the meek is the smartest. But they've got this old world in a hell of a shape. A long time ago, too, in that Sermon on the Mount something was said about giving alms in secret. The way the alms-giving has been paraded and strutted the last few years makes us sorta sick.—Exchange.

The next Kentucky General Assembly will be asked to enact legislation providing for two amendments to the Constitution whereby the way will be paved for replacement of the present bicameral legislature with one house and for re-arrangement of elections to eliminate the present custom of an election every year.

Resolutions to this effect were passed at an open forum of citizens of Mason County called into session at the Maysville courthouse Saturday afternoon by Rev. A. D. Odom, pastor of the First Baptist church in that city, in his official capacity as chairman of the Mason County Public Relations Committee. The group discussed a number of governmental reforms which would eliminate the present waste and result in more efficient and economical management.—The Sentinel-Democrat.

WASHINGTON NOTES

Life Insurance

The National Economic Committee last week began the collection of information in regard to the monopoly aspect of life insurance. Agreements between the principal life insurance companies and the operation of associations will be considered to determine if the business is openly competitive. Witnesses were called by the Securities and Exchange Commission which is about ready to give the monopoly committee a report on its investigation of the life insurance business. In testimony taken in February, the SEC accumulated considerable data as to management, the extent of mutuality in the mutual companies, the phenomenal growth of the life insurance business and the concentration in Eastern seaboard states.

Navies

Charles Edison, acting-Secretary of the Navy, points out that the United States is now constructing 600,000 tons of naval warships but that this was not sufficient to maintain the fleet with Great Britain and France. The Navy is now planning to build 1,000,000 tons of naval warships in the next few years.

Battleships

Two 45,000-ton battleships, to cost about \$80,000,000 each, will be built at the New York and Philadelphia Navy Yards, where two 35,000-ton battleships are now under construction. The battleships will carry nine 16-inch guns.

New Citizens

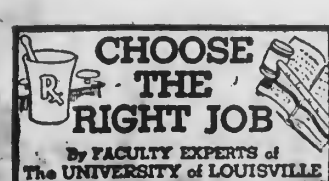
New Citizens Day was observed on a national scale for the first time this month, when the President and other officials paid tribute to the foreign-born citizens of the Republic. During the fiscal year 1938, 152,078 aliens became naturalized.

WPA

WPA rolls during June will carry about 2,500,000 persons, as compared with the average of 2,000,000 which the President estimates can be carried during the fiscal year which begins July 1st, under the \$1,750,000,000 appropriation requested of Congress.

Income Taxes

Individual income tax returns for 1937 numbered 6,306,148, of which 2,978,705 were non-taxable, according to a report of the Treasury Department. While taxable net incomes increased seven per cent over 1936, the total tax liability was six per cent less due to increased deductions by tax payers, including those for other taxes paid. One taxpayer reported a net income of \$5,000,000 or more. Forty-nine had incomes of \$1,000,000 or more, while the calendar year for 1936 showed sixty-one in this class. The effect of surtaxes and other upward gradations is seen in the fact that twenty-nine taxpayers who had net incomes between \$1,000,000 and \$1,500,000 paid taxes of \$24,555,000, as compared with the payment of \$17,262,000 by 1,318,340 taxpayers who had net incomes between \$1,000 and \$2,000.



DENTISTRY AS A VOCATION

The term "the new dentistry" is now frequently applied to the field which has for its purpose the prevention and treatment of diseases of the mouth, teeth, and related parts. The use of this term has followed rather noteworthy changes in dentistry, and persons who are considering this field as a vocation should realize that dentistry differs widely in its obligations and responsibilities from what it did in former years.

Recognition of the fact that dental diseases affect general body health has enlarged the field of dentistry, increased its responsibilities, and has caused marked changes to be made in the character of the training of persons who select dentistry for their vocation.

Young men and women who are contemplating dentistry as a vocation should see it as one which not only should be a health problem but a means of earning a living. The physical welfare of all people is a vocation no longer limited merely to filling of teeth, or constructing artificial teeth, or seeing instrument. Advertisers for lost teeth; rather it

deals with a distinct health problem having significant relations to other fields of health service.

Many new subjects are now included in the course of study for dentistry. These have been found necessary because of the increased importance of dental health, and the need for a high degree of training required to cope with the problems involved.

Young men and women often ask, "Is dentistry a crowded profession?" It is probably the least crowded of any of the professional groups rendering health service. The increase in the number of dentists in the United States has not quite kept pace with the increase in population. Furthermore, somewhat more than eighty-five percent of American people, both adults and children, have dental defects which should have immediate treatment.

With a return to more normal economic times, and with increasing regard for dental health, the demands for dental service will increase. This is regarded as inevitable, for there is a definite trend toward greater concern for individual and national health than ever before.

Success in dentistry is, of course, dependent upon training, skill, and other features which contribute to success in any vocation.—Dr. J. T. O'Rourke, Dean School of Dentistry.

Miss Geraldine Nickell spent Friday night with Wanda M. Adkins at White Oak.

Everett Isaac of Dan was here a few days last week with his brother, A. H. Williams.

Hubert Gibbs of Ft. Benjamin Harrison was at home with his parents for the week end.

Imogene Nickell is visiting relatives at Murphy Fork, Hazel Green and Campton for a few days.

COURIER ADLETS

SWEET POTATO PLANTS—Nancy Hall and Porto Rican. Shipments ready. \$1.00 per thousand, delivered. McCaleb Plant Farm, Gleason, Tenn.—97

FOR SALE—108 acre farm. Very fertile, about 50 acres timber. Two farm homes, barn, good well. 10 acres bottom land near Matthew, at a bargain price. See or write—79, Grant McGuire, Lynch, Ohio.

SEND YOUR WATCH TO
DR. D. DAY
JEWELER-OPTOMETRIST
FOR REPAIR
Morehead, - - - - - Kentucky

MISFORTUNE CAUSES BABY GRAND PIANO REPOSSESSION

We will turn over for the unpaid balance of \$137.65, beautiful Baby Grand Piano and bench that have had very good care, to someone who can show that they are capable of handling \$2.00 per week. This is an opportunity that does not come every day. Please do not answer unless you can qualify for good credit. This the physical welfare of all people. It is a vocation no longer limited merely to filling of teeth, or constructing artificial teeth, or seeing instrument. Advertisers for lost teeth; rather it

A Funny Sort o' Feelin'

by Lawrence Hawthorne

There's a funny sort o' feelin' in my heart the past few days
An', somehow, I can't decide just what it means;
It's a feelin' that you get when leavin' old, familiar ways
An' beginnin' life again in different scenes.

I can tell that Mother's thinkin' somethin' strange to think about,
An' the boys're kind o' restlesslike an' queer.
Tain't becaz we're leavin' home, for there ain't no fainter doubt
That we all are mighty glad at bein' here.

Maybe we're just realizin' that, in makin' moves like this,
Life is givin' us a chance to leave behind
Habits that ain't very useful, thoughts we'd surely never miss,
Traits o' character that ain't the choicest kind.

Maybe we're just gettin' closer to the things we're yearnin' for.
That will make our daily lives more worth-while—
Goin' outdoors to laugh an' play in flowers at our own front door,
An' some best friends to greet us with a smile.

There's a funny sort o' feelin' in my heart the past few days
An', somehow, I can't decide just what it means;
It's a feelin' that you get when leavin' old, familiar ways
An' beginnin' life again in different scenes.

